

Erratum

Erratum: Aged garlic extract potentiates doxorubicin cytotoxicity in human breast cancer cells

Huda Mohammed Alkreathy¹, Noura Farraj AlShehri¹, Fatemah Omer Kamel¹,
Ahmed Khalaf Alghamdi², Ahmed Esmat^{1,3}, Shahid Karim^{1*}

¹Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine, King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, ²College of Medicine- King Saud bin Abdulaziz University for Health Sciences, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, ³Department of Pharmacology & Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Ain Shams University, Cairo 11566, Egypt

*For correspondence: **Email:** shahid.karim@yahoo.co.in

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In the earlier published article, Figure 2 showed some distortions and therefore lacked sufficient clarity. The corrected Figure 2 has annotated data for greater clarity. Furthermore, an ethical statement was missing from the earlier article, but has now been included as follows.

Ethics Statement: *This study did not involve human participants or animal subjects. Ethical approval was therefore not required, as all experiments were conducted exclusively on established in vitro cell lines.*

New citation: Alkreathy HM, AlShehri NF, Kamel FO, Alghamdi AK, Esmat A, Karim S. Aged garlic extract potentiates doxorubicin cytotoxicity in human breast cancer cells. *Trop J Pharm Res* 2026; **25(3)**: doi: [10.4314/tjpr.v25i3](https://doi.org/10.4314/tjpr.v25i3).

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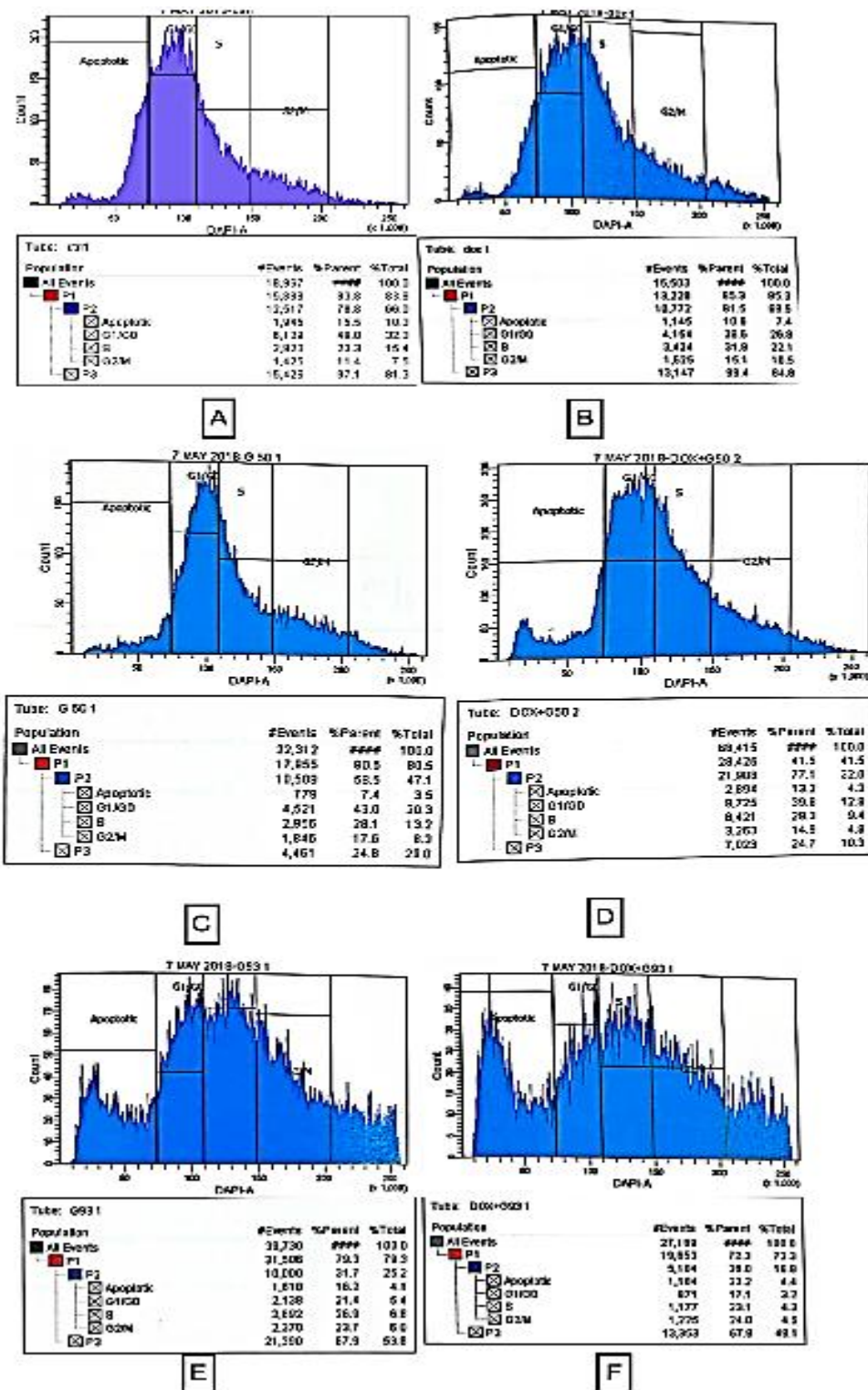


Figure 2: Effect of DOX and /or AGE treatment on cell cycle phase distribution of parent MCF-7 cells. Cell cycle distribution was analysed after the cells were exposed to the drugs for 48 h and stained with PI. (A) Control, (B) cells treated with DOX (1.85 μ M), (C) cells treated with AGE (50 mg/mL), (D) cells treated with DOX (1.85 μ M) plus AGE (50 mg/mL); (E) cells treated with AGE (93 mg/mL), and (F) cells treated with DOX (1.85 μ M) plus AGE (93 mg/mL)